

Standard Terms and Conditions for Owners Berthing at Port of Melbourne Common User Wharves

1. Application of these Standard Terms and Conditions

1.1 Application of Standard terms and Conditions

These Standard Terms and Conditions form part of the Agreement between Port of Melbourne Operations Pty Ltd (as Trustee for the Port of Melbourne Unit Trust) (ABN 83 751 315 034) (**Port of Melbourne**) on the one part; and the Shipping Agent and Owner, jointly and severally, on the other part.

The Agreement is established when the Shipping Agent acting as agent for the Owner, or the Owner, submits an Application to access and use the Common User Wharves.

1.2 Defined Terms and Interpretation

The following terms used in this Agreement are defined in the dictionary in Schedule 2 and shall be construed in accordance with the provisions in Schedule 2.

Access Period	Laying-up	Port of Melbourne's Security
Agreement	Legislative Requirements	Manager
Ancillary Services	Licensed Service Provider	Port Charges
Application	Melbourne Vessel Traffic	Port Facilities
Bulk Liquid Facilities	Services or Melbourne VTS	Port of Melbourne
Cargo	MTOFSA	Port of Melbourne Land
Certificate of Condition	MTOFSR	Port of Melbourne Waters
Certificate of Registry	OH&S Laws	Port Rules
Certificate of Tonnage	Outward Manifest	Port Security Plan
Channel	Owner	Reference Tariff Schedule
Cleared Zone	P&I Clubs	Restricted Access Area
Common User Wharves	P&I Cover	Restricted Area
Contamination	Permitted Use	Shipping Agent
Demise Charter	PMA	Tanker Facilities Operations
Empties	Pollution Incident	Manual
Environment	PoMC	Time Charter
Environmental Hazard	Port of Melbourne	Vessel
H&M Cover	Port of Melbourne	Waterside Restricted Zone
Harbour Master	Guidelines	Wharfage Fee
Inward Manifest	Port of Melbourne's Security	
Landside Restricted Zone	Contractor	

2. Port of Melbourne as agent of PoMC

- (a) Where this Agreement expressly provides for a right in favour of PoMC, Port of Melbourne is contracting with the Shipping Agent and Owner as agent for PoMC.
- (b) Without limiting Clause 2(a), Port of Melbourne enters into Clauses 5.4, 6.6, 12.1(b), 12.2(a) 13.1, 13.2, 13.3(a), 13.4, 13.5, 13.6, 13.8, 14.2, 15, 16.1, 17 and 21 of this Agreement both:
 - (i) in its own capacity; and
 - (ii) as agent for PoMC.

3. Joint and several obligations of the Owner and the Shipping Agent

- (a) Save for the clauses identified in Clause 3(b), any obligation imposed on Owner contained in this Agreement must be construed as imposing joint and several liability upon the Owner and the Shipping Agent.
- (b) The Shipping Agent is not jointly or severally liable for a breach by the Owner of the following clauses of this Agreement: Clauses 4, 5, 9.4, 9.6, 12.1, 12.1, 13, 14.1(a), 15, 17, 20, 20, 21 and 22.

4. Owner

4.1 Owner of the Vessel

The Owner has engaged the Shipping Agent to act as its agent for all relevant purposes concerning the Vessel, including for the duration of the Access Period and while the Vessel is under the control of the Owner.

4.2 Bound to perform this Agreement

The Owner must perform all the obligations of the Owner in this Agreement.

4.3 Owner's obligations survives

The obligations of the Owner pursuant to this Agreement survive the termination of any contract or other arrangement or agreement between the Owner and the Shipping Agent.

4.4 Notification of termination of shipping agency

As soon as practicable after the termination of any contract or other arrangement or agreement between the Owner and the Shipping Agent, the Owner must notify Port of Melbourne of that termination and the name of any replacement Shipping Agent appointed or to be appointed.

5. Shipping Agent

5.1 Authority

The Shipping Agent warrants that it is the shipping agent on behalf of the Owner and is fully authorised to act on behalf of the Owner.

5.2 Notification of termination of shipping agency

As soon as practicable after the termination of any contract or other arrangement or agreement between the Owner and the Shipping Agent, the Shipping Agent must notify Port of Melbourne of that termination.

5.3 Shipping Agent

The Shipping Agent must:

- (a) advise the Owner of all Port Charges and rules of entry;
- (b) collect from the Owner and pay to Port of Melbourne all relevant disbursements, fees and charges, including the Port Charges and any Wharfage Fee (concerning the Cargo for which it is the shipping agent);
- (c) inform the Owner of any directions from the Harbour Master issued under Clause 12.2; and
- (d) within 24 hours of the commencement of the Access Period provide a copy to Port of Melbourne:
 - (i) if requested to do so, of proof, to Port of Melbourne's satisfaction, of current P&I Club and H&M Cover for each Vessel; and
 - (ii) the current Certificate of Registry and Certificate of Tonnage, unless the current Certificate of Registry and Certificate of Tonnage are unamended following the previous visit of the Vessel to Port of Melbourne Waters.

5.4 Understanding Port of Melbourne's security requirements

The Shipping Agent must:

- (a) use best endeavours to ensure that all its employees and other personnel understand and comply with the security requirements of Port of Melbourne, including the Port Security Plan;
- (b) use its best endeavours to ensure that all its employees and other personnel understand and comply with their obligations under MTOFSA; and
- (c) advise the Owner of its obligations under MTOFSA.

5.5 Legislative Requirements

The Shipping Agent must, in accordance with the terms of its agency with the Owner, co-operate with Port of Melbourne and all other users of the Port Facilities to ensure compliance with all Legislative Requirements.

5.6 Assistance to Port of Melbourne

The Shipping Agent must cooperate wherever possible with Port of Melbourne and other users of Port Facilities and the Common User Wharves, at least to the extent that such cooperation is necessary to ensure compliance with all Legislative Requirements, including the MTOFSA.

6. Use of Common User Wharves

6.1 Permitted Uses

- (a) The Owner is permitted to use the Common User Wharves for a Permitted Use for the duration of the Access Period.
- (b) The Owner must not use the Common User Wharves for any purpose during the Access Period other than a Permitted Use.

6.2 Use subject to this Agreement

The Owner and the Shipping Agent acknowledge and agree that upon submitting an Application to Port of Melbourne, their access to and use of Common User Wharves for a Permitted Use during the Access Period is subject to and in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

6.3 No warranty as to suitability

The Owner agrees that Port of Melbourne has made no representation and gives no warranty concerning the adequacy or suitability of the Common User Wharves for the Vessel or the use intended by the Owner.

6.4 No estate or interest

The Owner and the Shipping Agent acknowledge that their rights to access or use the Common User Wharves for a Permitted Use for the duration of the Access Period rest in contract only and this Agreement does not create or confer upon the Owner or the Shipping Agent any tenancy, estate or other interest in the Common User Wharves.

6.5 No right of exclusive occupation

- (a) Subject to Clause 6.5(b), the Owner has no right of exclusive occupation or use of the Common User Wharves during the Access Period and Port of Melbourne may at any time exercise all of its rights as owner or manager to, without limiting the generality of this Clause 6.5, enter, use, possess and enjoy the whole or any part of the Common User Wharves.
- (b) Where access to a designated berth is authorised by Port of Melbourne for the duration of the Access Period, use of that particular berth may be exclusive.

6.6 Access to be exercised in accordance with Melbourne VTS

The rights of the Owner to occupy, use or access the Common User Wharves for the Permitted Uses are subject to the directions of the Harbour Master and Melbourne VTS, which directions may include the Common User Wharves to which access is permitted, the method of control and the dates and time of control.

6.7 Common User Wharves may change

The Owner acknowledges that the Common User Wharves available for access by the Owner may change from time to time in Port of Melbourne's complete discretion. If there is a change to access arrangements or the status of the Common User Wharves listed in Schedule 3, Port of Melbourne will give notice of such change to the Owner or the Shipping Agent (as applicable).

7. Term of Agreement

- (a) This Agreement commences when the Owner or the Shipping Agent submits an Application to Port of Melbourne in relation to the Vessel.
- (b) This Agreement expires at the conclusion of the Access Period.

8. Withdrawal of access or hire

8.1 Withdrawal before commencement of Access Period

Port of Melbourne acting reasonably reserves the right to refuse or to withdraw

permission for a Vessel to access or use the Common User Wharves (or any part of the Common User Wharves) when:

- (a) the Common User Wharves or any part of the Common User Wharves are unsuitable for use;
- (b) a direction is given by the Harbour Master; or
- (c) the Vessel is unable to be loaded or unloaded at any time prior to the commencement of an Access Period.

8.2 Withdrawal for the purposes of Lay-up

The Owner acknowledges that Port of Melbourne may give priority to any Vessel carrying Cargo over a Vessel that is Laying-Up concerning access or use of the Common User Wharves during an Access Period and reserves the right to refuse or withdraw permission for Laying-up at any time.

8.3 Approved immobilisation

In the event that a Vessel is temporarily immobilised at the Common User Wharves with prior approval of Port of Melbourne, Port of Melbourne shall provide the Owner or the Shipping Agent with reasonable notice of its requirement that the Vessel vacate the Common User Wharves.

8.4 No compensation

If Port of Melbourne withdraws permission for use of or access to the Common User Wharves, Port of Melbourne shall refund to the Owner or the Shipping Agent (as applicable) any monies paid in advance by the Owner or the Shipping Agent in respect of applicable Port Charges for any proposed Access Period that does not proceed, or for the use of the Common User Wharves for which permission for access or use is withdrawn.

The Shipping Agent and the Owner acknowledge and agree that Port of Melbourne is not obliged to pay, and the Shipping Agent nor the Owner is entitled to, any other remedy, compensation or damages for any such withdrawal of permission.

9. Port Charges

9.1 Acknowledgment of liability

The Owner agrees that it is liable to pay to Port of Melbourne the Port Charges in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

9.2 Wharfage fee

Port of Melbourne may, in its discretion, recover the Port Charges as, if applicable, a Wharfage Fee recoverable under section 74 of the PMA.

9.3 Charge on Empties

The Owner agrees to pay Port of Melbourne the Port Charges concerning Empties unloaded from or loaded onto a Vessel at the Port of Melbourne.

9.4 Other Port Charges

The Owner agrees to pay Port of Melbourne all other Port Charges concerning the use by the Owner or the Vessel of the Common User Wharves in accordance with the Reference Tariff Schedule.

9.5 Payment of Port Charges

The Port Charges shall be due for payment within thirty (30) days of the date of the relevant invoice issued by Port of Melbourne.

9.6 Security costs

If Port of Melbourne reasonably incurs costs as a result of complying with any Legislative Requirement in relation to a Vessel, including concerning the provision of security or security related services, the Owner shall be liable to reimburse Port of Melbourne such costs and those costs shall be recoverable by Port of Melbourne as a debt due and payable by the Owner within thirty (30) days of the date of the relevant invoice issued by Port of Melbourne.

9.7 Interest

If the Owner does not pay the relevant Port Charge in accordance with this Agreement, the Owner will be liable to Port of Melbourne for interest on the unpaid Port Charge at a rate of 4% in excess of the interest rate fixed from time to time pursuant to section 2 of the *Penalty Interest Rates Act 1983* (Vic).

10. Cargo Manifests and documentation

10.1 Inward Manifest

The Owner or the Shipping Agent shall cause to be lodged with Port of Melbourne an Inward Manifest within 2 days of the arrival of a Vessel in Port of Melbourne Waters.

10.2 Outward Manifest

The Owner or the Shipping Agent shall cause to be lodged with Port of Melbourne an Outward Manifest within 5 days of the departure of a Vessel from Port of Melbourne Waters.

10.3 Electronic lodgement of Manifests

Inward Manifests and Outward Manifests shall be electronically lodged with Port of Melbourne by email at the address identified at item 3 of Schedule 1.

10.4 Additional information

The Owner and the Shipping Agent must cause to be lodged with Port of Melbourne any additional information reasonably requested by Port of Melbourne concerning any Cargo referred to on an Inward Manifest or an Outward Manifest within 48 hours of a written request to do so.

10.5 No Cargo discharged or loaded

In the event that a Vessel does not discharge or load any Cargo whilst in Port of Melbourne Waters, the Owner or the Shipping Agent shall, within 48 hours of the departure of the Vessel from Port of Melbourne Waters, cause written notice to be provided to Port of Melbourne that no Cargo was discharged or loaded, as the case may be.

11. Acknowledgements by the Owner

11.1 Rights to use the Common User Wharves are personal

The Owner acknowledges and agrees that the rights conferred upon it by this

Agreement to use the Common User Wharves may not be transferred or assigned to any other party. This Clause 11.1 does not impact upon any arrangement between the Owner and the Shipping Agent in relation to the Vessel or Cargo.

11.2 Acknowledgment of responsibility

The Owner acknowledges and agrees that it is responsible for the acts and omissions of its agents, including the Shipping Agent, its employees, servants, invitees and contractors concerning the hire and use of the Common User Wharves.

11.3 General indemnities by Owner

(a) The Owner must indemnify Port of Melbourne against:

- (i) loss of or damage to the property of Port of Melbourne;
- (ii) claims by any person against Port of Melbourne in respect of personal injury or death or loss of or damage to any property;
- (iii) loss, damage or costs incurred by Port of Melbourne arising from the carriage of Cargo by the Owner; and
- (iv) loss, damage or costs (subject to Clause 11.4(a), excluding consequential loss such as loss of profit, cost of replacement production and business interruption) incurred by Port of Melbourne due to disturbance to or interference with Port of Melbourne's use of the Port of Melbourne or the carrying on of its business at the Port of Melbourne,

arising out of or as a consequence of the access, occupation or use of the Common User Wharves by the Owner, the Shipping Agent, or their servants, agents, employees or contractors.

The Owner's liability to indemnify Port of Melbourne shall be reduced proportionately to the extent that an act or omission of Port of Melbourne contributed to the loss, damage, death or injury.

(b) The Owner must indemnify PoMC against:

- (i) loss of or damage to the property of PoMC;
- (ii) claims by any person against PoMC in respect of personal injury or death or loss of or damage to any property;
- (iii) loss, damage or costs incurred by PoMC arising from the carriage of Cargo by the Owner,

arising out of or as a consequence of the access, occupation or use of the Common User Wharves by the Owner, the Shipping Agent, or their servants, agents, employees or contractors.

The Owner's liability to indemnify PoMC shall be reduced proportionately to the extent that an act or omission of PoMC contributed to the loss, damage, death or injury.

11.4 Specific environmental indemnities by Owner

(a) The Owner must indemnify Port of Melbourne for direct and indirect losses incurred by Port of Melbourne arising from any Pollution Incident, Environmental Hazard or Contamination caused by the Owner, the Shipping

Agent, or their servants, agents, employees or contractors, including all crew and all personnel engaged by it in relation to a Vessel without prejudice to any defences, exclusions from liability and rights of limitation provided by law.

- (b) The Owner must indemnify PoMC for direct and indirect losses incurred by PoMC arising from any Pollution Incident, Environmental Hazard or Contamination caused by the Owner, the Shipping Agent, or their servants, agents, employees or contractors, including all crew and all personnel engaged by it in relation to a Vessel without prejudice to any defences, exclusions from liability and rights of limitation provided by law.

11.5 Responsibility for damage to the Common User Wharves

The Owner is liable for any and all loss or damage to the Common User Wharves, arising from or related to the hire or use of the Common User Wharves by the Owner, the Shipping Agent, or their servants, agents, employees or contractors, including all crew and all personnel engaged by it in relation to a Vessel, and occurring during the Access Period.

11.6 Cost of repairing damage

The cost of repairing any damage (excluding fair wear and tear) which, in the reasonable opinion of Port of Melbourne, arises from or is related to the hire or use of the Common User Wharves by the Owner, the Shipping Agents, or their servants shall be borne by the Owner or, if such costs are incurred by Port of Melbourne, the Owner is liable to reimburse Port of Melbourne such costs which shall be recoverable by Port of Melbourne as a debt due and payable by the Owner.

11.7 Payment for damage to the Common User Wharves

The Owner must pay to Port of Melbourne the reasonable cost of any repairs referred to in Clause 11.6 carried out by or on behalf of Port of Melbourne not later than 30 days after written demand is made by Port of Melbourne for such payment.

12. Compliance with Legislative Requirements and directions

12.1 Legislative Requirements

- (a) The Owner must ensure that its servants, agents, employees and contractors, including all crew and all personnel engaged by it in relation to a Vessel, comply with all Legislative Requirements.
- (b) The Shipping Agent must ensure that its servants, agents, employees and contractors comply with all Legislative Requirements.

12.2 Compliance with directions

The Owner must strictly comply with any:

- (a) direction of the Harbour Master in connection with access to or use of Port Facilities or the Common User Wharves;
- (b) direction of Port of Melbourne's Security Manager or Port of Melbourne's Security Contractor;
- (c) direction of Port of Melbourne in connection with access to or use of Port Facilities or the Common User Wharves; and

- (d) direction by any officer authorised by statute to give directions including pursuant to the *Marine Safety Act 2010* (Vic).

13. Environmental Obligations

13.1 Obligation not to pollute

Whilst accessing or using the Port Facilities, Common User Wharves or Port of Melbourne Waters, the Owner must not:

- (a) cause a Pollution Incident;
- (b) cause an Environmental Hazard; or
- (c) disturb, exacerbate or facilitate the migration of any existing Contamination.

13.2 Environmental Incident Reporting

Without limiting the Owner's obligations under Clause 16, the Owner shall immediately and no later than one hour after becoming aware of any Pollution Incident give written notice to Port of Melbourne and Melbourne VTS of the occurrence of such a Pollution Incident.

13.3 Obligation to clean up

- (a) The Owner must, at its expense, clean up and otherwise address or rectify a Pollution Incident and/or the cause of a Pollution Incident in accordance with any direction issued by Port of Melbourne and within the timeframe specified in the direction.
- (b) Port of Melbourne may, at its discretion and at the Owner's cost, engage an Environmental Auditor pursuant to section 53U of the *Environment Protection Act 1970* (Vic) in respect of the Pollution Incident.

13.4 Statutory notices and legal proceedings

Within 48 hours of the Shipping Agent or Owner receiving any notices or legal proceedings in respect of the impact of the Owner's activities on the Environment over, under or on Port Facilities, the Common User Wharves or Port of Melbourne Waters, including without limitation notices or proceedings issued by the Environment Protection Authority or any other statutory or governmental body, the Shipping Agent or Owner (as applicable) must give written notice to Port of Melbourne and Melbourne VTS of the issue of that notice or legal proceedings, together with a copy of such notice or proceedings.

13.5 Obligation to comply with statutory notice

The Shipping Agent or Owner (as applicable) must comply with any and all statutory notices referred to in Clause 13.4 and is liable for any costs of compliance with such statutory notices.

13.6 Obligations regarding storage of dangerous goods

The Owner must not, without Port of Melbourne's prior written consent, use or allow the Port Facilities, the Common User Wharves or Port of Melbourne Waters to be used for the storage (whether temporary or permanent) of dangerous goods (as defined in the *Dangerous Goods Act 1985* (Vic) or the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail) or any other goods the storage of which is prohibited by the Insurance Council of Australia Ltd in non-hazardous

stores provided that the consent of the Port of Melbourne will not be required where the goods are stored and handled strictly in accordance with the provisions of all Legislative Requirements.

13.7 Port of Melbourne Guidelines and Port Rules

- (a) The Owner must comply, and shall ensure that its servants, agents, employees and contractors, including all crew and all personnel engaged by it in relation to a Vessel, comply with all current Port of Melbourne Guidelines and Port Rules applicable to access and use of Common User Wharves or Port Facilities.
- (b) Port of Melbourne shall ensure that the Port of Melbourne Guidelines and Port Rules as amended from time to time, are published on the Port of Melbourne website.

13.8 Rights of Port of Melbourne

Without limiting the foregoing provisions of this Clause 13:

- (a) If Port of Melbourne reasonably believes that a Pollution Incident has occurred or that a condition of Contamination or Environmental Hazard has arisen or is likely to arise as a result of the Owner's activities, Port of Melbourne may issue a direction requiring that specified corrective action be undertaken by the Owner to the satisfaction of Port of Melbourne and within the timeframe specified by Port of Melbourne.
- (b) If the Owner fails to:
 - (i) comply with the terms of a direction under sub-clause (a) to the satisfaction of Port of Melbourne; or
 - (ii) clean up and otherwise address or rectify a Pollution Incident and/or the cause of a Pollution Incident to the satisfaction of Port of Melbourne,
- (c) Port of Melbourne may either:
 - (i) itself undertake the corrective action and recover its costs of undertaking the corrective action as a debt due from the Owner to Port of Melbourne; or
 - (ii) deny the Owner the continuance of any right it would otherwise have had under this Agreement, including without limitation the right to remain in Port of Melbourne Waters.

14. Safety

14.1 Occupational Health and Safety responsibility

- (a) The Owner acknowledges that occupational health and safety on a Vessel during the Access Period is the responsibility of the Owner.
- (b) The Shipping Agent acknowledges that occupational health and safety of the Shipping Agent's employees during the Access Period is the responsibility of the Shipping Agent.

14.2 Occupational Health and Safety obligations

- (a) The Shipping Agent must:

- (i) use best endeavours to ensure that its employees, subcontractors, agents, consultants, invitees and licensees are not exposed to conditions or practices that have the likely potential to cause personal injury or property damage;
 - (ii) fully comply with all OH&S Laws;
 - (iii) use best endeavours to ensure that its employees and invitees comply with all occupational health and safety requirements;
 - (iv) immediately notify the Port of Melbourne of any incident or dangerous occurrence at Port Facilities and the Common User Wharves which is notifiable to the Victorian WorkCover Authority pursuant to the provisions of any OH&S Law.
- (b) The Owner must:
- (i) use best endeavours to ensure that its employees, subcontractors, agents, consultants, invitees and licensees, while on the Vessel, are not exposed to conditions or practices that have the potential to cause personal injury or property damage;
 - (ii) fully comply with all OH&S Laws;
 - (iii) use best endeavours to ensure that its employees, subcontractors, agents, consultants, invitees and licensees while they are on the Vessel comply with all occupational health and safety requirements; and
 - (iv) immediately notify the Port of Melbourne of any hazard, incident or dangerous occurrence at Port Facilities and the Common User Wharves which is notifiable to the Victorian WorkCover Authority pursuant to the provisions of any OH&S Law.

14.3 Statutory notices and legal proceedings

Within 48 hours of receipt of the Shipping Agent or Owner receiving any notices or legal proceedings in respect of the impact of the Owner's activities on human health and safety, including without limitation notices or proceedings issued by a statutory or governmental body, the Shipping Agent or Owner (as applicable) must give written notice to Port of Melbourne and Melbourne VTS of the issue of that notice or legal proceedings, together with a copy of such notice or proceedings.

14.4 Obligation to comply with statutory notice

The Shipping Agent or Owner (as applicable) must comply with any and all statutory notices referred to in Clause 14.3 and is liable for any costs of compliance with such statutory notices.

15. Emergencies

The Owner shall, in the event of any emergency, accident or security situation, provide Port of Melbourne and any other relevant agencies including Victoria Police, the Australian Federal Police and medical services with reasonable access to the Vessel.

16. Notification of damage and/or injury

16.1 Immediate notification to Port of Melbourne

During an Access Period, the Owner must, as soon as practicable after becoming aware of any damage to Port Facilities or the Common User Wharves or any injury to any person or circumstances likely to cause any damage or injury, advise or cause the Port of Melbourne and Melbourne VTS to be advised of such damage, injury or circumstances or potential damage, injury or circumstances (as relevant).

16.2 Detailed incident report

No later than 72 hours after the Owner gives notice in accordance with Clause 16.1 the Owner must cause a detailed written report to be lodged with Port of Melbourne and Melbourne VTS in respect of the accident, event or other circumstances giving rise to the damage or injury or potential damage or injury (as relevant).

17. Port Security

17.1 Compliance with MTOFSA

The Owner must ensure that, for the duration of the Access Period, its servants, agents, employees and contractors, including all crew and all personnel engaged by it in relation to a Vessel:

- (a) strictly comply with the requirements of the MTOFSA; and
- (b) comply with all directions of Port of Melbourne's Security Contractor and Port of Melbourne's Security Manager.

17.2 Acknowledgment of a Security Regulated Port

The Owner acknowledges that the Port of Melbourne is a 'security regulated port' within the meaning of the MTOFSA and that security measures required by the MTOFSA will be audited by various agencies, including but not limited to Port of Melbourne and the Commonwealth Department of Infrastructure and Regional Development and their appointees.

17.3 Financial penalties

The Owner acknowledges that financial penalties apply for breaches of the MTOFSA.

17.4 Compliance with Restricted Areas

- (a) The Owner acknowledges that it is an offence:
 - (i) under the MTOFSA, for an unauthorised person to enter a Landside Restricted Zone or for an unauthorised vehicle to enter or remain in a Landside Restricted Zone; and
 - (ii) under the PMA, for an unauthorised person to enter a Restricted Access Area, or for an unauthorised vessel to enter or remain in a Restricted Access Area.
- (b) The Owner must ensure that its servants, agents, employees and contractors, including all crew and all personnel engaged by it in relation to a Vessel:
 - (i) take all necessary steps to ensure that an unauthorised person, vehicle

or vessel does not enter or remain in a Restricted Area; and

- (ii) do not cause or permit an unauthorised person, vehicle or vessel to enter or remain on a Restricted Area.

17.5 Understanding Port of Melbourne's security requirements

The Owner must ensure that its servants, agents, employees and contractors, including all crew and all personnel engaged by it in relation to a Vessel understand and comply with the security requirements of Port of Melbourne.

17.6 Assistance to Port of Melbourne

The Owner must ensure that its servants, agents, employees and contractors cooperate fully with Port of Melbourne and other users of Port Facilities and the Common Users Wharves to the extent that such cooperation is necessary to ensure compliance with all Legislative Requirements, including the MTOFSA.

17.7 Access to Vessels

The Owner agrees that, upon request from Port of Melbourne at any time during the Access Period, it must provide to:

- (a) authorised employees of Port of Melbourne; and
- (b) other persons authorised by Port of Melbourne under the PMA or the *Marine Safety Act 2010* (Vic),

access to the Vessel, subject to:

- (c) those persons carrying appropriate photo ID at all times; and
- (d) compliance by Port of Melbourne with the reasonable requirements of the master of the Vessels.

18. Common User Wharves

18.1 Certificate of Condition

Before the commencement of the Access Period, Port of Melbourne may undertake an inspection, or assessment of the Common User Wharves and record the state of repair and condition of the Common User Wharves, including any discernible pre-existing contamination, in a Certificate of Condition.

18.2 Inspection

The Owner or the Shipping Agent shall, upon request, be afforded a reasonable opportunity to inspect the Common User Wharves prior to the commencement of the Access Period.

18.3 Evidence of condition

The Certificate of Condition in respect of the Common User Wharves at the commencement of the Access Period shall be evidence of the condition of the Common User Wharves at the commencement of the Access Period.

18.4 Condition

The Owner and the Shipping Agent must ensure that the Common User Wharves are left in the same condition and state as at the commencement of the Access Period.

18.5 Plant and Equipment

The Owner and the Shipping Agent shall ensure that Port of Melbourne plant and equipment, if used by the Owner during the Access Period, is left in the same condition and state as at the commencement of the Access Period.

18.6 Failure to maintain

If the Owner or the Shipping Agent fails to leave the Common User Wharves in the condition required by Clause 18.4, Port of Melbourne may:

- (a) direct the Owner or the Shipping Agent to return that the Common User Wharves to the condition required by Clause 18.4; and
- (b) carry out or cause to be carried out any litter removal, restoration, remediation, cleaning, repairs and other similar work as Port of Melbourne thinks fit.

The reasonable cost of any work carried out by Port of Melbourne under Clause 18.6(b) shall be a debt due and payable from the Owner or the Shipping Agent to Port of Melbourne and shall be paid by the Owner within thirty (30) days of written demand by Port of Melbourne.

18.7 No alterations

The Owner and the Shipping Agent must not make any alterations or additions to the Common User Wharves.

18.8 No installation

The Owner and the Shipping Agent must not install fixed plant or equipment including, without limitation, any fuel storage tanks on, over or under the Common User Wharves.

18.9 Applications for both Common User Wharves and Common User Terminals

The Owner and the Shipping Agent acknowledge that an Application concerning the Common User Wharves will not be accepted by Port of Melbourne until the Owner or Shipping Agent accept the Port of Melbourne's 'Standard Terms and Conditions for Hirers' Access to Common User Terminals', unless the particular Common User Wharf does not require use of any adjacent terminal.

18.10 No guarantee of immediate berth

- (a) The Vessel shall be permitted to berth at the Common User Wharves and the Owner or the Shipping Agent shall be granted access to use the Common User Wharves on the dates and times determined by Port of Melbourne in its discretion in accordance with the dictates of port operations and usage and as notified to the Owner or the Shipping Agent.
- (b) The Owner acknowledges that Port of Melbourne's approval of an Application does not guarantee that the Common User Wharves will be available to be accessed or used by the Vessel on the date nominated in that Application.

19. Licensed Service Providers

The Owner or Shipping Agent must not engage a third party to provide Ancillary Services unless that third party is a Licensed Service Provider.

20. Supply of water

20.1 Water for personal consumption

Supply of fresh water to Vessels shall be for the purpose of personal consumption by the crew and other visitors to the Vessel (e.g. drinking, washing and cooking) and the Owner must ensure that the water supplied is not used for industrial or commercial purposes, including washing down decks or for ballast purposes.

20.2 Hoses

The Owner must ensure that Port of Melbourne's water hoses and equipment are properly attached to the existing fresh water supply fixtures located at the wharf apron.

20.3 Care of equipment

The Owner must ensure that any person engaged by or on behalf of the Owner to collect Port of Melbourne's fresh water supply takes good care of them and returns them immediately after use in the same condition as supplied. Without limiting any rights of Port of Melbourne under Clause 11, the Owner is responsible for any damage to fresh water supply equipment and will bear the cost of any repair and/or replacement of such equipment.

20.4 Water charges

The Owner must pay Port of Melbourne for the use of water at Common User Wharves in accordance with Clause 9.

21. Telephone services

The Owner must, for safety reasons and at its own cost, provide Australian telephone services to all Vessels berthed at Common User Wharves.

22. Insurance

22.1 P&I insurance

Except to the extent of those risks covered by H&M Cover, the Owner must ensure, and it hereby warrants, that each Vessel for which it submits an Application will, for the duration of the Access Period, be covered by P&I Cover with a member club of the International Group of P&I Clubs, including cover against oil pollution claims in the amount and on the terms commonly provided by the International Group of P&I Clubs for that type of Vessel and its terms of entry and membership.

In the event that the Vessel is insured by a P&I Club not a member of the International Group of P&I Clubs, the Owner must inform Port of Melbourne of the details of the Vessel's P&I Cover and the relevant insurer at the time of lodging the Application.

22.2 Consent of P&I Insurer

If required by Port of Melbourne the Owner must submit the Agreement to the P&I Club which has provided P&I Cover in respect of the Vessel and must advise Port of Melbourne if the P&I Club does not consent to the Agreement.

22.3 Proof of insurance

The Owner must produce evidence, to the reasonable satisfaction of Port of

Melbourne, of the currency of the insurance policies referred to in this Clause 22 when requested in writing to do so by Port of Melbourne during the Access Period.

23. Release

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Agreement, the Owner and the Shipping Agent release Port of Melbourne from all actions, suits, claims, demands, costs, charges, damages, liabilities and expenses which the Owner or the Shipping Agent or both of them may have now or in the future for any loss, damage to property or injury to persons, of whatever nature arising directly or indirectly as a consequence of:

- (a) industrial disputes, restraints of labour, strikes, riots, civil commotion, lock outs or stoppages whether involving the employees of Port of Melbourne its agents or contractors or not;
- (b) acts of terrorists, insurgents, war, other hostilities or similar disturbances;
- (c) actions, orders, directions, instructions or requirements of any lawful authority or any person purporting to act on behalf of such authority;
- (d) natural, abnormal or unusual occurrences including earthquake, lightning, flood, fire and/or adverse sea and/or weather conditions;
- (e) interruption or disruption to the supply of electric, gas, water and/or telecommunication services to the relevant Port of Melbourne facilities other than those caused by an act, fault or negligence of Port of Melbourne; and
- (f) any other cause that the Port of Melbourne could not avoid or prevent by the exercise of reasonable care.

24. GST

24.1 Interpretation

Words or expressions used in this Clause 24 which are defined in the *A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999* (Cth) have the same meaning in this Clause 24.

24.2 Consideration is GST exclusive

Any consideration to be paid or provided to for a supply made under or in connection with this Agreement unless specifically described in this Agreement as 'GST inclusive', does not include an amount on account of GST.

24.3 Gross up of consideration

Despite any other provision in this Agreement, if a party ('Supplier') makes a supply under or in connection with this Agreement on which GST is imposed (not being a supply the consideration for which is specifically described in this Agreement as 'GST inclusive'):

- (a) the consideration payable or to be provided for that supply under this Agreement but for the application of this Clause 24.3 ('GST exclusive consideration') is increased by, and the recipient of the supply ('Recipient') must also pay to the Supplier, an amount equal to the GST exclusive consideration multiplied by the prevailing rate of GST ('GST Amount'); and

- (b) subject to Clause 24.5, the GST Amount must be paid to the Supplier by the Recipient without set off, deduction or requirement for demand, at the same time as the GST exclusive consideration is payable or to be provided.

24.4 Reimbursements (net down)

If a payment to a party under this Agreement is a reimbursement or indemnification, calculated by reference to a loss, cost or expense incurred by that party, then the payment will be reduced by the amount of any input tax credit to which that party is entitled in respect of that loss, cost or expense.

24.5 Tax invoices

The Recipient need not pay the GST Amount in respect of a taxable supply made under or in connection with this Agreement until the Supplier has given the Recipient a tax invoice in respect of that taxable supply.

25. Notices

25.1 Service

Subject to Clause 26, any notice or other communication concerning this Agreement may only be:

- (a) left at or sent to the Owner:
 - (i) if there is no Shipping Agent, if the communication is addressed to the Owner and transmitted by email to the email address given by the Owner in the Application; or
 - (ii) if there is a Shipping Agent, if the communication is addressed to the Owner (c/o the Shipping Agent) and transmitted by email to the email address given by the Shipping Agent in the Application;
- (b) left at or sent to the Shipping Agent if the communication is addressed to the Shipping Agent and transmitted by email to the email address given by the Shipping Agent in the Application; and
- (c) left at or sent to Port of Melbourne if the communication is:
 - (i) in writing and addressed to Port of Melbourne and sent by post to the address or by email to the email address given in item 1 of Schedule 1;
 - (ii) an Inward or Outward Manifest and sent by email to the email address given in item 3 of Schedule 1.

25.2 Performance of Port of Melbourne's obligations

Port of Melbourne will be taken to have complied with its obligations under the terms of this Agreement if, in respect of any notice or report required to be given or provided by Port of Melbourne to the Owner, the notice or report is issued or provided to the Shipping Agent.

26. Dispute Resolution

26.1 Notice of Dispute

If a dispute or difference (a 'dispute') between Port of Melbourne, the Owner or the Shipping Agent, or any two of them arises out of or in connection with the

Agreement, the subject matter thereof or use of the Port Facilities or the Common User Wharves, including a dispute:

- (a) in tort;
- (b) under statute;
- (c) for restitution based on unjust enrichment; or
- (d) for rectification or frustration,

then if a party desires to pursue the dispute, that party shall deliver by hand or send by certified mail to the other party a notice of dispute in writing adequately identifying and providing details of the dispute ('Dispute Notice').

26.2 Continue to perform the Agreement

Notwithstanding the existence of a dispute, Port of Melbourne, the Owner and the Shipping Agent shall continue to perform the Agreement, and the Owner shall comply with Clause 9.

26.3 Further steps before proceeding

Within 7 days after service of a notice of dispute, the parties shall confer at least once to attempt to resolve the dispute and failing resolution of the dispute to explore and if possible agree on methods of resolving the dispute by other means. At any such conference each party shall be represented by a person having authority to agree to a resolution of the dispute. Each party must make reasonable efforts to resolve the dispute.

26.4 Arbitration – Australian entities

- (a) If:
 - (i) the dispute or difference is not resolved as a result of one of the steps arising from the operation of Clause 26.3; and
 - (ii) the party involved in the dispute or difference that is not Port of Melbourne is an entity registered under the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) or is Australian,

either party will have the right to notify the other party in writing that it requires the dispute or difference to be referred to arbitration.

- (b) Any arbitration pursuant to this Clause 26.4 shall be administered by the Resolution Institute in accordance with the IAMA Arbitration Rules.
- (c) Any arbitration pursuant to this Clause 26.4 shall apply the substantive law of the state of Victoria and shall apply the rules of procedure as prescribed in the state of Victoria.
- (d) Any arbitration pursuant to this Clause 26.4 shall take place in Melbourne, Australia and shall be conducted in English.

26.5 Arbitration – non-Australian entities

- (a) If:
 - (i) the dispute or difference is not resolved as a result of one of the steps arising from the operation of Clause 26.3; and

- (ii) one of the parties to the dispute or difference has its place of business outside Australia,

either party will have the right to notify the other party in writing that it requires the dispute or difference to be referred to arbitration.

- (b) Any arbitration pursuant to this Clause 26.5 shall be in accordance with the UNCITRAL Model Law on International Commercial Arbitration.
- (c) The dispute or difference will be arbitrated by a single arbitrator.
- (d) If the parties cannot agree on an Arbitrator within fourteen (14) days of the written notification referred to in Clause 26.5 the Arbitrator will be appointed in accordance with the requirements of the Model Law and the *International Arbitration Act 1974* (Cth).
- (e) The arbitral tribunal shall apply the substantive law of the state of Victoria. The arbitral tribunal shall apply the rules of procedure as prescribed in the state of Victoria.
- (f) The arbitration shall take place in Melbourne, Australia.
- (g) The language of the arbitration shall be English.

27. Miscellaneous

27.1 Governing law and jurisdiction

The law of the State of Victoria governs this Agreement and the parties irrevocably and unconditionally submit to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of Victoria.

27.2 Entire Agreement

This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties as to its subject matter and supersedes all prior representations and agreements made by the parties and may only be changed in writing signed by the parties.

27.3 Severability of provisions

Any provision of this Agreement which is prohibited or unenforceable in any jurisdiction will, as to the jurisdiction, be ineffective to the extent of the prohibition or unenforceability but that will not invalidate the remaining provisions of this Agreement or affect the provision in any other jurisdiction.

27.4 Survival

- (a) None of the warranties, indemnities nor any other provision of this Agreement merges on the completion of this Agreement.
- (b) The indemnities contained in this Agreement, including but not limited to the indemnities provided in Clauses 11 and 13 of this Agreement, are continuing obligations and remain in full force and effect following the expiry of the Access Period.
- (c) The following clauses of this Agreement survive the expiry of the Access Period: Clauses 9, 23, 26 and 27.

27.5 Binding of successors

Each party enters into this Agreement so as to bind its successors in title,

administrators and assigns.

Schedule 1 – Particulars

Item	Description	Detail
1.	Port of Melbourne's address	Level 4, 530 Collins Street MELBOURNE VIC 3000 PO Box 261 MELBOURNE VIC 3001
2.	Port of Melbourne's Security Manager	Name: Greg Cotsworth Address: Level 4, 530 Collins Street MELBOURNE VIC 3000 PO Box 261 MELBOURNE VIC 3001 Ph: 9683 1416 or 0408 588 176 Email: greg.cotsworth@portofmelbourne.com
3.	Lodgement of Manifests	manifest@portofmelbourne.com

Schedule 2– Dictionary

In this document, unless the contrary intention appears, the following words and expressions shall be construed in accordance with the meanings given below:

Access Period	means the period commencing from the earliest time at which the Vessel enters the Port of Melbourne Waters and expires when the Vessel departs the Port of Melbourne Waters.
Agreement	means the agreement constituted by the Application and these Standard Terms and Conditions.
Ancillary Services	means: (a) stevedoring services; and (b) mooring services.
Application	means the submission to Port of Melbourne of a properly completed form in the manner prescribed by Port of Melbourne and published on its website concerning the Common User Wharves.
Bulk Liquid Facilities	means Holden Dock, No 1 Maribyrnong and 6 Yarraville.
Cargo	means 'cargo' as defined by section 3 of the PMA and includes Empties.
Certificate of Condition	means a certificate issued by Port of Melbourne which records the state or repair and condition of the Common User Wharves, including any discernible pre-existing contamination.
Certificate of Registry	means the certificate issued pursuant to the national law of the Vessel's port of registry.
Certificate of Tonnage	means the tonnage and measurement of the Vessel carried out by, and recorded in a certificate prepared by, class societies or recognised organisation with the equivalent standing of Lloyds Register of Shipping or Det Norske Veritas.
Channel	means 'channel' as defined by section 3 of the PMA.
Cleared Zone	means an area of land or water within the Port of Melbourne which is established as a 'cleared zone' (being a type of 'port security zone' as defined by section 10 of the MTOFSA) under the MTOFSA and MTOFSR.
Common User Wharves	means a wharf (or wharves) listed in Schedule 3.
Contamination	means the presence in the Environment at a level above background levels of any substance which is potentially harmful to human health and comfort, detrimental to the well-being of flora or fauna and/or detrimental to the beneficial uses of the Environment,

irrespective of whether the quantity of the substance does or does not exceed statutory or industry criteria applicable to commercial or industrial land use.

Demise Charter	means the hire of a Vessel by which the charterer obtains possession and control of the Vessel and is responsible for the Vessel, its operation and maintenance.
Empties	means cargo containers which do not contain any cargo.
Environment	means the physical factors of the surroundings of human and non-human life forms, including without limitation the land, soil, plants, habitat, waters, atmosphere, climate, sound, odours, tastes, biodiversity and the social and aesthetic values of landscape.
Environmental Hazard	means a potential danger to human health or the Environment, whether imminent or otherwise, resulting from the location, storage, handling or release of any substance having toxic, corrosive, flammable, explosive, infectious, irritant or otherwise dangerous or damaging characteristics.
H&M Cover	means insurance covering loss and damage to the hull and machinery of a vessel from marine perils including sinking, burning, stranding and collision.
Harbour Master	means the harbour master or assistant harbour master engaged for Port of Melbourne Waters pursuant to section 220 of the <i>Marine Safety Act 2010</i> (Vic).
Inward Manifest	means an inward manifest in an UN/EDIFACT-IFCSUM format, for all Cargo intended to be discharged at the Port of Melbourne, which includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) accurate and complete particulars of the Cargo mass and Cargo volume; and(b) all other information prescribed by Port of Melbourne from time to time.
Landside Restricted Zone	means an area of land or a structure within the boundaries of the Port of Melbourne which is established as a 'land-side restricted zone' (being a type of 'port security zone' as defined by section 10 of the MTOFSA) under the MTOFSA and MTOFSR.
Laying-up	means the process of a Vessel being 'laid up' or temporarily not in service.
Legislative Requirements	means: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) Acts, ordinances, regulations, by-laws, orders, awards and proclamations of the Commonwealth and the state of Victoria;(b) certificates, licences, consents, permits, approvals and requirements of organisations having jurisdiction in the

	State of Victoria;
	(c) the obtaining or terms of any permit or licence concerning use of the Port Facilities or the Common User Wharves;
	(d) directions of the Harbour Master;
	(e) requirements of the Port Rules;
	(f) directions of any statutory bodies or authorities with relevant jurisdiction; and
	(g) the Port Co Guidelines.
Licensed Service Provider	means those service provides licensed by Port of Melbourne to provide Ancillary Services, as listed on Port of Melbourne's website (as amended from time to time).
Melbourne Vessel Traffic Services or Melbourne VTS	means the VTS Authority with responsibility for the Port of Melbourne VTS Area as authorised under <i>Marine Order 64 (Vessel Traffic Services) 2013</i> made under the <i>Navigation Act 2012</i> (Cth).
MTOFSA	means the <i>Maritime Transport and Offshore Facilities Security Act 2003</i> (Cth), as amended from time to time.
MTOFSR	means the <i>Maritime Transport and Offshore Facilities Security Regulations 2003</i> (Cth), as amended from time to time.
OH&S Laws	means all legislation, regulations, by-laws, orders and legal requirements concerning the health, safety and welfare of people at work, including but not limited to the: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) <i>Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004</i> (Vic); (b) <i>Occupational Health and Safety (Plant) Regulations 1995</i> (Vic); (c) <i>Dangerous Goods Act 2000</i> (Vic); and (d) <i>Dangerous Goods Regulations 2000</i> (Vic).
Outward Manifest	means an outward manifest in an UN/EDIFACT-IFCSUM format for all Cargo loaded onto the Vessel at the Port of Melbourne, which includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) accurate and complete particulars of Cargo mass and Cargo volume; and (b) all other information prescribed by Port of Melbourne from time to time.
Owner	means the party identified as the Owner in the Application who is the 'owner of a vessel' as defined by section 4 of the PMA.
P&I Clubs	means those mutual insurance associations which provide P&I Cover.
P&I Cover	means protection and indemnity insurance that, in the case of Vessel owners, covers liabilities concerning or arising from the following

risks:

- (a) death and personal injury to seamen, passengers and third parties;
- (b) in respect of stowaways or persons rescued at sea;
- (c) collisions;
- (d) groundings;
- (e) damage to fixed and floating objects;
- (f) pollution;
- (g) wreck removal;
- (h) towage operations; and
- (i) Cargo damage.

Permitted Use

means:

- (a) the embarking and disembarking of passengers;
- (b) the transit, receipt, delivery, loading, unloading, storage and stevedoring of Cargo;
- (c) providoring and bunkering;
- (d) ship repair and maintenance; and
- (e) crew change.

PMA

means the *Port Management Act 1995* (Vic) as amended from time to time.

Pollution Incident

means the occurrence of pollution within the meaning of sections 39(1), 41(1) and 45(1) of the *Environment Protection Act 1970* (Vic).

PoMC

has the same meaning as:

- (a) prior to the commencement of Division 1 of Part 9 of the *Delivering Victorian Infrastructure (Port of Melbourne Lease Transaction) Act 2016* (Vic), 'Port of Melbourne Corporation' in section 3 of the *Transport Integration Act 2010* (Vic); or
- (b) after the commencement of Division 1 of Part 9 of the *Delivering Victorian Infrastructure (Port of Melbourne Lease Transaction) Act 2016*, 'Victorian Ports Corporation (Melbourne)' in section 3 of the *Transport Integration Act 2010* (Vic).

Port of Melbourne

means Port of Melbourne Operations Pty Ltd (as Trustee for the Port of Melbourne Unit Trust) (ABN 83 751 315 034).

Port of Melbourne Guidelines

means

- (a) Bulk Liquid Cargo Guidelines;
- (b) Bunker and (non-cargo) Liquid Transfer Management Guidelines (incorporating ship/road vehicle liquid

	transfers);
	(c) Hot Work Procedural Guidelines;
	(d) Packaged Dangerous Goods Management Guidelines;
	(e) Procedures for the handling of Table 1 cargoes at No.1 Maribyrnong;
	(f) Tank washing and gas freeing at tanker berths guide;
	(g) Tanker Facilities Operations Manual;
	(h) Port Load Chart;
	(i) Class 1 dangerous goods-Management Plan;
	(j) Ship/Shore Safety and Operational Agreement; and
	(k) Other guidelines as listed in Port of Melbourne's website.
Port of Melbourne's Security Contractor	means the contractor engaged by Port of Melbourne from time to time to implement the Port Security Plan and includes its servants, agents and employees.
Port of Melbourne's Security Manager	means the manager named in item 2 of Schedule 1, or as notified by Port of Melbourne from time to time.
Port Charges	means any fees or charges published on the Reference Tariff Schedule in respect of the activities under in this Agreement.
Port Facilities	means the Channel, Port of Melbourne Land and all other facilities owned, managed or controlled by Port of Melbourne, but does not include the Common User Wharves.
Port of Melbourne	means the 'port of Melbourne' as defined by section 3 of the PMA.
Port of Melbourne Land	means 'port of Melbourne land' as defined by section 3 of the PMA.
Port of Melbourne VTS Area	means the Port of Melbourne Waters.
Port of Melbourne Waters	means the 'port of Melbourne waters' as defined by section 3 of the PMA.
Port Rules	means the port rules of Port of Melbourne published on Port of Melbourne's website, as amended from time to time.
Port Security Plan	means the port security plan prepared by Port of Melbourne and/or the port security plan prepared by PoMC in accordance with the MTOFSA and as amended from time to time.
Reference Tariff Schedule	means the Port of Melbourne Reference Tariff Schedule, as amended from time to time and published at the Port of Melbourne website, which sets out details of pricing for port charges, including wharfage, tonnage, berth hire, security, area hire, tanker inspection and water supply to ships.

Restricted Access Area	means 'restricted access area' as defined by section 3 of the PMA.
Restricted Area	means either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) an area declared to be a Landside Restricted Zone; or (b) an area declared to be a Cleared Zone; or (c) a Restricted Access Area.
Shipping Agent	means the shipping agent (if any) set out in the Application Form, who is authorised by the Owner to manage Vessel on behalf of the Owner.
Tanker Facilities Operations Manual	means the manual setting out procedures for operations at Bulk Liquid Facilities, which is available from Port of Melbourne upon request by the Owner or the Shipping Agent.
Time Charter	means the hire of a Vessel by which the charterer obtains possession and control of the Vessel for an agreed period of time or an agreed voyage.
Vessel	means any vessel: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) in relation to which the Owner holds a legal or equitable interest; or (b) which is subject to charter by the Owner (including by way of Demise Charter or Time Charter), and which calls at or enters Port of Melbourne Waters.
Waterside Restricted Zone	means an area of water within the Port of Melbourne which is established as a 'water-side restricted zone' (being a type of 'port security zone' as defined by section 10 of the MTOFSA) under the MTOFSA and MTOFSR.
Wharfage Fee	means 'wharfage fee' as defined by section 3 of the PMA.

Schedule 3 – Common User Wharves

ABBV.	WHARF
APPF	F Appleton Dock
HOLD	Holden Dock
MRY1	Maribyrnong No 1
SW33	33 South Wharf
YVL6	6 Yarraville